

requires an annual statement from every corporation; Chapter 59 amends the Timber Slide Companies Act; Chapter 61 amends the Loan and Trust Corporations Act by forbidding trust companies to borrow on debenture or by accepting deposits; it also deals with investment of funds received on guarantee receipts, securities allocated to guaranteed investments and quarterly returns as to guaranteed investments; it also authorizes a trust company to invest funds other than trust funds and to receive deposits which are to be deemed trust moneys and guaranteed; it also requires quarterly returns as to deposits from loan companies; it also empowers a company to have official seal for use abroad and to submit to inspection of its affairs. In *Saskatchewan*, Chapter 33 amends the Companies Act by requiring a company before registration to file a certified copy of its charter and by-laws, a petition and a statutory declaration; it also permits the adoption of the name of a defaulting company by another company. In *British Columbia*, Chapter 50 of the second session amends the Trustee Act by empowering trustees to expend any moneys of a trust estate or to borrow or raise moneys by mortgage upon such estate for repairs or improvements.

Education.—In *Prince Edward Island*, Chapter 3 amends the Public School Act of 1920 by defining "school age" as being from six to fifteen years inclusive, such age being attained at any time from July 1 to June 30; by empowering the Board of Education to make provision for medical inspection of schools, to appoint school health inspectors, fix their remuneration, make regulations respecting their qualifications, etc.; it repeals the provision made for the salaries of classroom assistants; it raises the attendance requirements, which entitle a teacher to the full government grant, from 50 to 60 p.c; it imposes a poll tax on every male resident, with certain exemptions, over twenty-one years of age; it extends the school franchise to women in the capacity of mothers to school children; it provides for grants for school equipment; for temporary licenses to teachers; fixes the age of compulsory attendance as between seven and thirteen during 60 p.c. of the school year and under penalty up to twenty dollars and increases the civic poll tax; Chapter 4 amends an Act to Amalgamate Prince of Wales College and Provincial Normal School, giving certain powers to the government respecting the appointment of staff and to the Board of Education to make regulations for said institution; Chapter 5 leaves the Provincial Agricultural and Technical School under the direction of the Commissioner of Agriculture and makes it the duty of the Chief Superintendent of Education to inspect said school; the officers of the school are to be appointed by the provincial government, which is also to be responsible for its maintenance and empowered to make regulations respecting courses, etc.; Chapter 6 amends the School Supplies Act by empowering the Board of Education to appoint or remove a manager of the business carried on under the provisions of the Act. In *Nova Scotia*, Chapter 59 amends the Education Act by a clause providing that one of the school trustees may be a poll tax payer or a woman; it also provides for a penalty of one cent